

HEALTH & WEALTH

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Agenda Item 9

Key Messages

- The economy is everything that happens in Sheffield
- A healthy population & productive economy are linked
- Good jobs are good for health
- Many have been left behind by the way the economy works. Inequality in health outcomes are related to economic inequalities.
- Change how we measure growth. GDP doesn't capture the totality. By a long way
- Sweat our assets. Our approach to an inclusive economy.



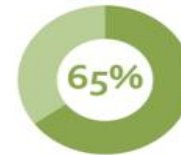
Health and good work go hand in hand

- Good quality work is beneficial to health
- High levels of chronic ill health, deprivation and low skills means we have a long way to go
- All employers have a significant contribution to make

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employment for people with *no health condition*



employment for people with *all other health conditions*



employment for people with *a musculoskeletal condition*



employment for people with *a mental illness*



employment for people with *a learning disability*



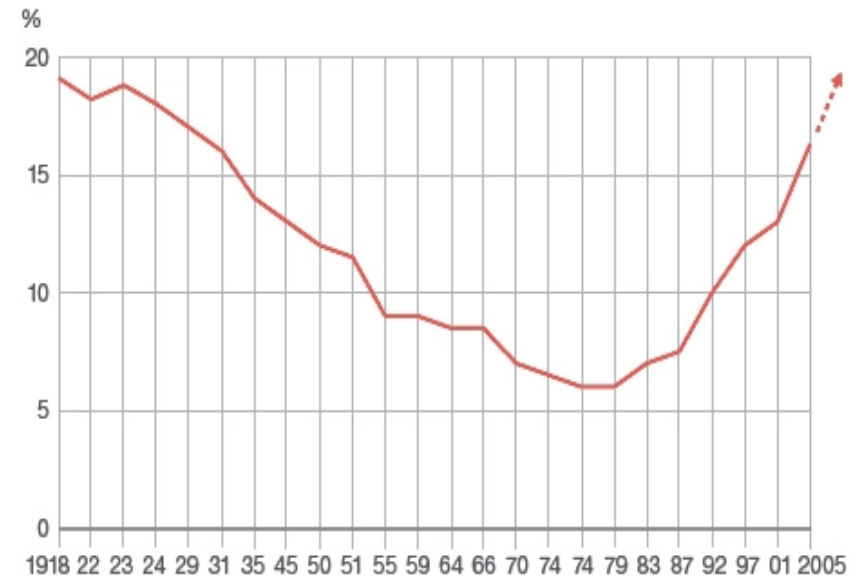
Sheffield City Council



Health and economy go hand in hand

- Current economic structures aren't working for most people
- leading to entrenched patterns of inequality and disadvantage
- Health is an asset to the economy

Share of all income received by the richest 1% in Britain



Bring health and wealth together

- An inclusive and sustainable economy
- Anchor institutions can make a difference
- Move away from sector-specific thinking
- Focus on developing the return on investment case for a whole place.



How are we doing

Health summary for Sheffield

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's value for each indicator is shown as a circle. The England average is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator. However, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- Not compared



Indicator names	Period	Local count	Local value	Eng value	Eng worst	Eng best
Life expectancy and causes of death						
1 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	2014 - 16	n/a	79.0	79.5	74.2	83.7
2 Life expectancy at birth (Female)	2014 - 16	n/a	82.6	83.1	79.4	86.8
3 Under 75 mortality rate: all causes	2014 - 16	4,542	350.8	333.8	545.7	215.2
4 Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	2014 - 16	1,021	80.4	73.5	141.3	42.3
5 Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	2014 - 16	1,849	146.2	136.8	195.3	99.1
6 Suicide rate	2014 - 16	132	9.0	9.9	18.3	4.6
Injuries and ill health						
7 Killed and seriously injured on roads	2014 - 16	534	31.2	39.7	110.4	13.5
8 Hospital stays for self-harm	2016/17	797	132.1	185.3	578.9	50.6
9 Hip fractures in older people (aged 65+)	2016/17	557	582.5	575.0	854.2	364.7
10 Cancer diagnosed at early stage	2016	1,081	51.7	52.6	39.3	61.9
11 Diabetes diagnoses (aged 17+)	2017	n/a	76.8	77.1	54.3	96.3
12 Dementia diagnoses (aged 65+)	2017	4,894	79.8	67.9	45.1	90.8
Behavioural risk factors						
13 Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18s)	2014/15 - 16/17	81	23.3	34.2	100.0	6.5
14 Alcohol-related harm hospital stays	2016/17	3,575	695.3	636.4	1,151.1	388.2
15 Smoking prevalence in adults (aged 18+)	2017	77,719	17.0	14.9	24.8	4.6
16 Physically active adults (aged 19+)	2016/17	n/a	63.8	66.0	53.3	78.8
17 Excess weight in adults (aged 18+)	2016/17	n/a	60.7	61.3	74.9	40.5
Child health						
18 Under 18 conceptions	2016	186	21.2	18.8	36.7	3.3
19 Smoking status at time of delivery	2016/17	782	12.9	10.7	28.1	2.3
20 Breastfeeding initiation	2016/17	5,047	78.3	74.5	37.9	96.7
21 Infant mortality rate	2014 - 16	103	5.2	3.9	7.9	0.0
22 Obese children (aged 10-11)	2016/17	1,219	21.2	20.0	29.2	8.8
Inequalities						
23 Deprivation score (IMD 2015)	2015	n/a	27.6	21.8	42.0	5.0
24 Smoking prevalence: routine and manual occupations	2017	n/a	27.3	25.7	48.7	5.1
Wider determinants of health						
25 Children in low income families (under 16s)	2015	21,610	21.9	16.8	30.5	5.7
26 GCSEs achieved	2015/16	2,879	54.0	57.8	44.8	78.7
27 Employment rate (aged 16-64)	2016/17	256,800	69.0	74.4	59.8	88.5
28 Statutory homelessness	2016/17	472	2.0	0.8		
29 Violent crime (violence offences)	2016/17	10,226	17.9	20.0	42.2	5.7
Health protection						
30 Excess winter deaths	Aug 2013 - Jul 2016	748	16.4	17.9	30.3	6.3
31 New sexually transmitted infections	2017	2,330	608.0	793.8	3,215.3	266.6
32 New cases of tuberculosis	2014 - 16	218	12.8	10.9	69.0	0.0

For full details on each indicator, see the definitions tab of the Health Profiles online tool: www.healthprofiles.info

Indicator value types
 1, 2 Life expectancy - Years 3, 4, 5 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population aged under 75 6 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population aged 10 and over 7 Crude rate per 100,000 population 8 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 9 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population aged 65 and over 10 Proportion - % of cancers diagnosed at stage 1 or 2 11 Proportion - % recorded diagnosis of diabetes as a proportion of the estimated number with diabetes 12 Proportion - % recorded diagnosis of dementia as a proportion of the estimated number with dementia 13 Crude rate per 100,000 population aged under 18 14 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 15, 16, 17 Proportion - % 18 Crude rate per 1,000 females aged 15 to 17 19, 20 Proportion - % 21 Crude rate per 1,000 live births 22 Proportion - % 23 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2015 score 24, 25 Proportion - % 26 Proportion - % 5 A+C including English & Maths 27 Proportion - % 28 Crude rate per 1,000 households 29 Crude rate per 1,000 population 30 Ratio of excess winter deaths to average of non-winter deaths (%) 31 Crude rate per 100,000 population aged 15 to 64 (excluding Chlamydia) 32 Crude rate per 100,000 population

Figure 11: Public Health Dashboard (Sheffield)

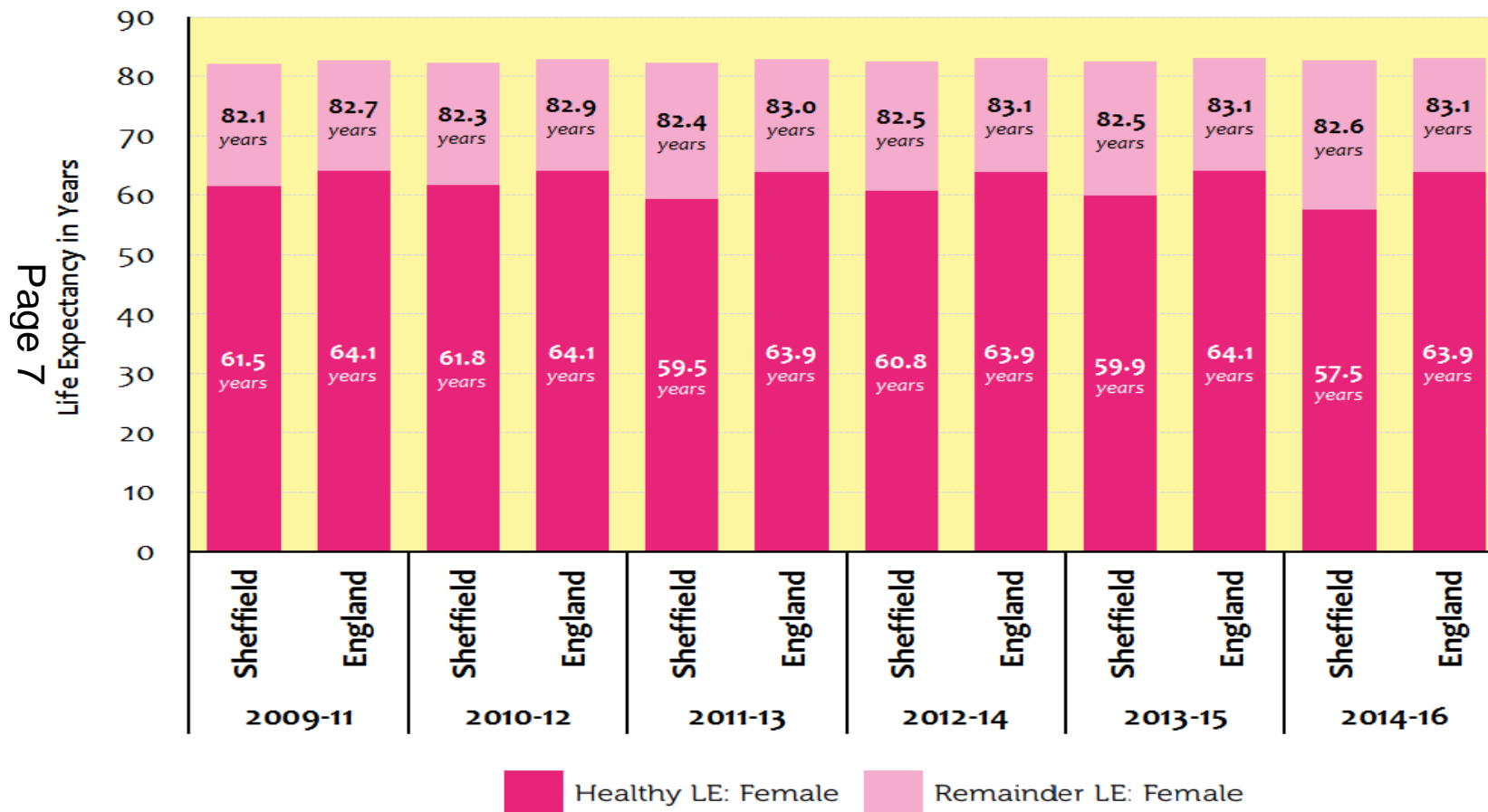
Indicator	Rank	Position
	(out of 16 where 1 is best and 16 is worst)	
Child Obesity (2016-17)	4	Best
NHS Health Check (2013-14 to 2017-18)	13	Worst
Tobacco Control (2016-17)	4	Best
Alcohol Treatment (2016-17)	11	Average
Drug Treatment (2016-17)	9	Average
Best start in life (2016-17)	4	Best
Sexual & reproductive health (2016 -17)	7	Average
Air Quality (2017) - INTERIM MEASURE	12	Worst

Source: Public Health England <https://healthierlives.phe.org.uk/topic/public-health-dashboard/area-details#are/E08000019/par/nn-1-E08000019/sim/nn-1-E08000019>



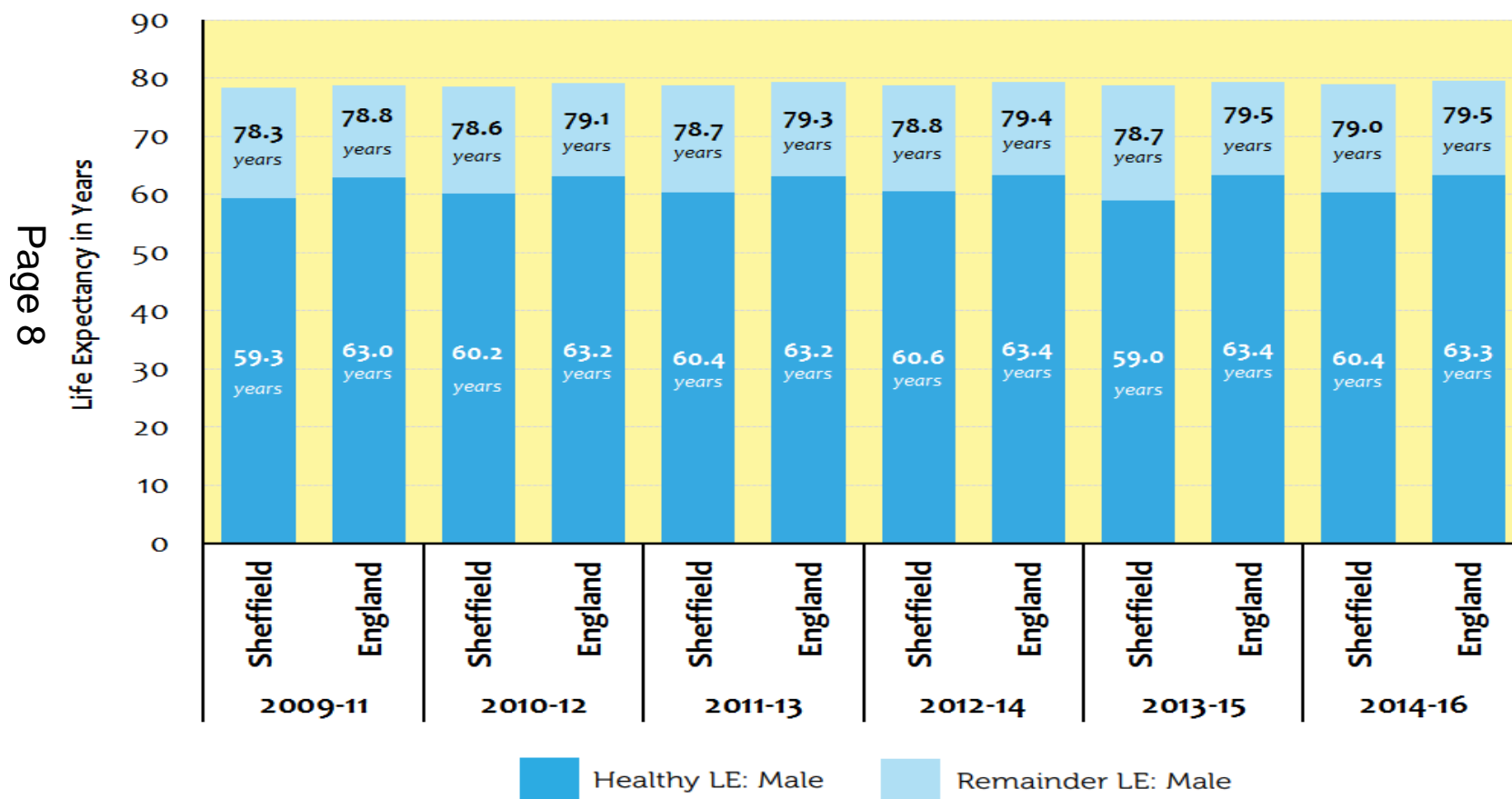
Healthy Life Expectancy (Females)

Life expectancy and healthy life expectancy, females in Sheffield and England (2009-11 to 2014-16)



Healthy Life Expectancy (Males)

Life expectancy and healthy life expectancy, males in Sheffield and England (2009-11 to 2014-16)



Recommendations

1. Sheffield City Council, Sheffield City Partnership and Sheffield City Region should align and embed action into their economic strategies to enable and encourage all local employers to recognise their role in providing good work and ensuring that the most disadvantaged in our society are not left behind in their ambitions;

2. Sheffield City Partnership, as part of developing a strategy for an inclusive and sustainable economy, should consider how best to use the resources currently available to the city, to incentivise implementation of the strategy;

3. Sheffield City Partnership should facilitate the public, private and voluntary anchor institutions of Sheffield to develop a collective strategy to secure and progress their contribution to an inclusive economy, underpinned by supportive strategies for each sector.

More Information

You can view or download the report here:

<https://www.sheffield.gov.uk/content/sheffield/home/public-health/director-public-health.html>

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You can explore more data about health and wellbeing in Sheffield here:

<https://data.sheffield.gov.uk/stories/s/fs4w-cygv>



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